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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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SQUIRE, SANDERS & DEMPSEY			CHANG, EDITH M	
14TH 8000 TOWERS CRESCENT DRIVE TYSONS CORNER, VA 22182-2700			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2637	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/415,679	CHEN, XI	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Edith M. Chang	2637	
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	n appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence add	dress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days,  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory p  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a ron. a reply within the statutory minimum of third period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON statute, cause the application to become AB	reply be timely filed  ty (30) days will be considered timely ITHS from the mailing date of this co BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	r mmunication.
Status			
<ul> <li>1) ⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on</li> <li>2a) ⊠ This action is FINAL. 2b) □</li> <li>3) □ Since this application is in condition for all closed in accordance with the practice un</li> </ul>	This action is non-final.  Iowance except for formal matt	• •	merits is
Disposition of Claims			
4)  Claim(s) 2-23 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6)  Claim(s) 2-23 is/are rejected.  7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and subject t	hdrawn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Exa  10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)  Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the control of the oath or declaration is objected to by the	accepted or b) objected to othe drawing(s) be held in abeyar orrection is required if the drawing.	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CF	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docur 2. Certified copies of the priority docur 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Book * See the attached detailed Office action for a	ments have been received. ments have been received in A priority documents have been ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National S	Stage
Attachment(s)	_		
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ol>	B) Paper No(s	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO 	-152)

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Arguments/Remarks

1. Applicant's arguments filed on December 07, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The rejection of claims 2-23 is upheld.

Argument: Applicant argues that Crayford and Wakeley, when viewed alone or when combined, fail to disclose or suggest the elements of any of presently pending claims. Therefore, the cited references fail to provide the critical and unobvious advantages discussed above (discussed in the specification).

Response: Crayford teaches a transceiver in FIG.-1 to 3 comprising a transmitter subcircuit (37'TX) and a receiver subcircuit (37'RX); the transmitter transmits a pulse (as shown in FIG.-3, which is not conform to the industry-standard pulse MLT3 for indicate data present/power-on) to indicate a status of the link being in place (column 3 lines 44-51) in a sleep mode (in which the transmitter powers down, column 2 lines 18-22) wherein the transmitter or the receiver is powered separately (column 4 lines 24-27) as cited in the claims.

Wakeley et al. teaches a transceiver (FIG.1 or FIG.3-6) comprising a transmitter and a receiver, the transmitter and receiver powered separately (step 106/108 FIG.2), and using parallel detection (FIG.4, column 3 lines 28-34 using the industry-standard pulse MLT3 idle data packet) for both 100Base-T and 10Base-T legacy devices (column 1 lines 60-65) in FIG.1-2.

Wakeley et al. suggests the establishment to all 10Base-T and 100Base-T (Abstract), hence, at the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to implement the parallel detection in the physical layer of Crayford's device for the purpose of

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establishing a link between disparate network entities in a Ethernet data network (column 2 lines 55-60). Therefore, the modified/combined Crayford's device with Wakeley et al.'s teaching provides the critical and obvious limitations cited in the claims.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 2-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Crayford (US 5404544) in view of Wakeley et al. (US 6198727 B1).

Regarding claims 2 & 21, In FIG.-1 to FIG.-3, Crayford discloses a transceiver circuit comprising a transmitter subcircuit/means and a receiving subcircuit/means having its own power supply and means for activation and deactivation (37' & 37a' as separate transmitter/receiver circuit in FIG.-3). In FIG.3 and column 3 lines 44-58, the transmitter subcircuit transmitting the link beat pulse 60 (this is not conform to the MLT-3 pulse) in FIG.3 to indicate a status of the link being in place (a live transceiver) even during sleep (powered-down) mode, and the transmitter subcircuit is active/alive when transmitting (column 2 lines 18-22, lines 34-37), but Crayford does not specify the extension of IEEE 802.3 standard (802.3 u) for interoperability in the LAN. However Wakeley et al. teaches using parallel detection (that is idle data packet using the MLT-3 waveform in IEEE 802.3u, section 28.2.3.1, this is the an industry-

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standard pulse) for legacy devices such as 10Base-T devices for link assurance in column 1 lines 50-65, FIG.1 and FIG.2. Through Wakeley et al.'s teaching the transceiver is able to automatically establish the link connection between different network link partners. Therefore, at the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to implement the parallel detection in the physical layer of Crayford's device for the purpose of establishing a link between disparate network entities in an Ethernet network (column 2 lines 55-60).

Regarding claims 3-4 & 11-12, Crayford discloses the pulse is a link pulse (column 3 lines 47-48, FIG.-2 & -3) and is a minimally powered pulse.

Regarding claim 5, the modified/combined Crayford device with Wakeley et al.'s teaching teaches the pulse conforms to the industry-standard pulse (the parallel detection column 1 lines 49-65 '727) once the circuit is in the operating mode that is a signal being received on the receiver.

Regarding claims 6, 14 & 19, the modified/combined Crayford device with Wakeley et al.'s teaching teaches the auto-negotiation process (column 3 lines 49-56 '727).

Regarding claim 7, Crayford discloses the receiver subcircuit is active/power-on for receiving data (column 2 lines 34-37), but does not specify the receiver having a media independent interface. However Wakeley et al. teach the media independent interface in the LAN layers (18 FIG. 1). At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to cooperate the Wakeley et al.'s teaching in Crayford's system for the schematic detail of the LAN OSI reference model and for receiving signal from the network via the interface.

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Regarding claims 8 & 15, the modified/combined Crayford device with Wakeley et al.'s teaching teaches the receiver upon receiving activity (column 4 lines 24-28 '544) activating the transceiver into power-on mode (column 4 lines 28-30 & 32-36 '544).

Regarding claims 9 & 16, the modified/combined Crayford device with Wakeley et al.'s teaching teaches the transceiver in power-down mode powering-down all subcircuits except the transmitter pulse subcircuit (column 2 lines 33-36, column 3 lines 44-48 '544) and the media independent interface subcircuit (column 2 lines 18-22, column 3 lines 48-51 '544).

Regarding claims 10, 17 & 22-23, In FIG.-1 to FIG.-3, Crayford discloses a transceiver circuit comprising a transmitter subcircuit/means and a receiving subcircuit/means having its own power supply and means for activation and deactivation (37' & 37a' as separate transmitter/receiver circuit in FIG.-3). In FIG.3 and column 3 lines 44-58, the transmitter subcircuit transmitting the link beat pulse 60 (this is not conform to the IEEE 802.3u pulse) in FIG.3 to indicate a status of the link being in place during sleep (powered-down) mode, and the transmitter subcircuit is active/alive when transmitting (column 2 lines 18-22, lines 34-37), but Crayford does not specify the industry-standard pulse (the extension of IEEE 802.3 standard, 802.3 u) for indicating the data present (power-on) on the established link. However Wakeley et al. teaches using the Multiple Level Fast Link Pluses (column 1 lines 50-65, that is the an industry-standard pulse) for legacy devices such as 10Base-T devices for link assurance in FIG.1 and FIG.2 wherein step 102 & 110 check the established link and step 108 turns on the power. Through Wakeley et al.'s teaching the transceiver is able to automatically establish the link connection between different network link partners. Therefore, at the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to implement the 10Base-

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T/100Bse-TX assurance technique in the physical layer of Crayford's device for the purpose of establishing a link between disparate network entities in an Ethernet network (column 2 lines 55-60).

The combined/modified Crayford's device with Wakeley et al.'s teaching teaches the media independent interface in the LAN layers (18 FIG. 1, column 1 lines 25-40 '727).

Regarding claim 13, the combined/modified Crayford's device with Wakeley et al.'s teaching teaches the pulse conforming to the industry-standard pulse (column 1 lines 49-65 '727).

Regarding claim 18, the modified/combined Crayford's device with Wakeley et al.'s teaching teaches the pulse conforming to an industry-standard pulse (column 1 lines 49-55, column 4 lines 37-48 '727).

Regarding claim 20, the modified/combined Crayford's device with Wakeley et al.'s teaching teaches the transceiver in power-down mode powering-down all subcircuits except the transmitter pulse subcircuit (column 2 lines 33-36, column 3 lines 44-48 '544) and the media independent interface subcircuit (column 2 lines 18-22, column 3 lines 48-51 '544).

#### Conclusion

4. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

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the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Edith M. Chang whose telephone number is 571-272-3041. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jayanti Patel can be reached on 571-272-2988. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Edith Chang May 9, 2005

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